

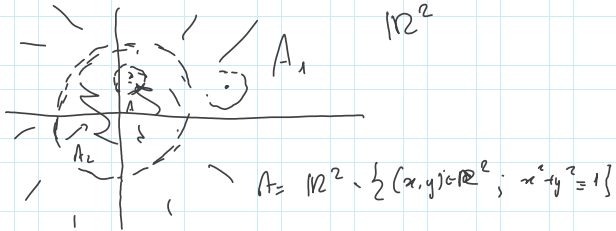
LEZ 3B15 (RECIN AT 15.15)

CAN YOU SEE / HEAR ME?

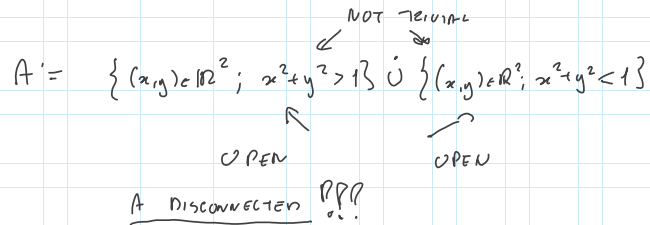
EXAMPLE  $\mathbb{R}^2$  EUCLIDEAN, "THE REM PLANE"

AND

$$A = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 ; x^2 + y^2 \neq 1 \}$$



IS A DISCONNECTED? YES



THM (EUCLIDEAN CONNECTION THM) ←

FOR EVERY  $n \in \mathbb{N}^+$ , THE EUCLIDEAN SPACE  $\mathbb{R}^n$  IS A CONNECTED SPACE!!!

RMK CONSIDER

$$\mathbb{Q} = \{ q \in \mathbb{R} ; q \text{ RATIONAL} \} \subseteq \mathbb{R}$$

EXAMPLE.  $\mathbb{Q}$  IS A METRIC SUBSPACE OF  $\mathbb{R}$  EUCLIDEAN.

QUESTION: IS  $\mathbb{Q}$  A CONNECTED SPACE? NO ???

WHY???

CONSIDER  $\alpha_0 = \sqrt{2}$ . IT IS IRRATIONAL !!!

$$\alpha_0 = \sqrt{2} \in \mathbb{R} - \mathbb{Q}$$

$\mathbb{R}$

$$\mathbb{Q}_{<\sqrt{2}} \stackrel{\text{DEF}}{=} \left\{ q \in \mathbb{Q} ; q < \sqrt{2} \right\}$$

↑  
RATIONALS

$$\mathbb{Q}_{>\sqrt{2}} \stackrel{\text{DEF}}{=} \left\{ q \in \mathbb{Q} ; q > \sqrt{2} \right\}$$

CLEARLY :

$$\mathbb{Q}_{<\sqrt{2}} \cap \mathbb{Q}_{>\sqrt{2}} = \emptyset \quad \forall \dots$$

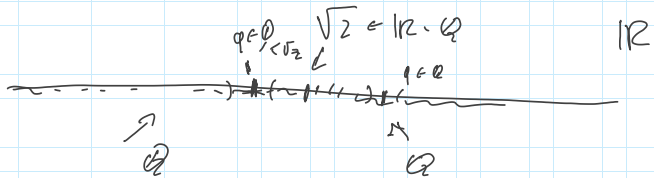
AND

$$\mathbb{Q}_{<\sqrt{2}} \cup \mathbb{Q}_{>\sqrt{2}} = \mathbb{Q} \quad \forall \dots$$

CLEARLY,  $\mathbb{Q}_{<\sqrt{2}}, \mathbb{Q}_{>\sqrt{2}} \neq \emptyset, \mathbb{Q}$  (NOT TRIVIAL)

FURTHERMORE

$\mathbb{Q}_{<\sqrt{2}}, \mathbb{Q}_{>\sqrt{2}}$  ARE OPEN IN THE SUBSPACE  $\mathbb{Q}$  !!!



CONNECTION PROPERTY

AND

OPEN / CLOSED SUBSETS

$\{0, 1\} \in \mathbb{R}$  EUCLIDEAN

NOT OPEN / NOT CLOSED!

COROLLARY  $(X, d)$  METRIC SPACE. THEN

(RECALL)

DEF  $(X, d)$  CONNECTED  $\iff$  IF  $A_1, A_2$  ARE OPEN  
 AND i)  $A_1 \cap A_2 = \emptyset$   
 ii)  $A_1 \cup A_2 = X$   
 THEN  $A_1, A_2$  ARE TRIVIAL !!!

THM  $(X, d)$  CONNECTED  $\iff$   $A \subseteq X$   
 $A$  OPEN / CLOSED  
 THEN  $A = \emptyset, X$

COROLLARY  $(X, d)$  CONNECTED SPACE  $\iff$

IF  $A \neq \emptyset, X$  THEN

i)  $A$  OPEN  $\implies$   $A$  IS NOT CLOSED

ii)  $A$  CLOSED  $\implies$   $A$  IS NOT OPEN

PROOF OF THE THM

i)  $\implies$  ASSUME THAT  $(X, d)$  CONNECTED.

BY CONTRADICTION, ASSUME THAT

(\*)  $\exists A \subseteq X, A \neq \emptyset, X, A$  OPEN / CLOSED.

LET  $A_1 = A$  OPEN, LET  $A_2 = X \setminus A = X \setminus A_1$

WE HAVE THAT  $A$  CLOSED  $\iff$   $A_2 = X \setminus A = A^c$

THEN  $X = A_1 \cup A_2$  OPEN  
 $A_1, A_2 \neq \emptyset$   
 $A_1, A_2$  OPEN

$\implies (X, d)$  DISCONNECTED (A CONTRADICTION)

QED

$\iff$  ASSUME THAT

$\exists A \subseteq X$ ,  $A$  NON TRIVIAL,  $A$  OPEN/CLOSED

$\Rightarrow (X, d)$  DISCONNECTED SPACE

STOP? QUESTIONS?

BYEBYE