

STEP 3) FUNCTIONS

$f: E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{R}}$ MEASURABLE N/N.

RECALL:

$\int_E f = \sup_{h \leq f} \int_{\text{supp}(h)} h$

- WHERE:
- i) h MEASURABLE
 - ii) h LIMITED
 - iii) $\mu(\text{supp}(h)) < +\infty$.

RECALL

THM (FATOU LEMMA) $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}, f_n: E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{R}}$

f_n MEAS + NN.

IF $f_n \xrightarrow{p.w.} f$ THEN

$\int_E f \leq \min_n \int_E f_n$. \square

THE BEppo LEVI THMS.

THM (FIRST FORM / MONOTONE CONV. THM)

$(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}, f_n: E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{R}}$ MEASURABLE N/N.

SUPPOSE THAT $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ MONOTONE NON DECREASING,

THAT

$f_n \leq f_{n+1} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}.$

THEN, BY SETTING (?)

(*) $f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n$ (POINT WISE LIMIT) (*)

NOT ...

AN HYPOTHESIS WE MAKE

$$\int_E f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f_n \quad \text{if}$$

CLEAR RISK (2):

IF $f_n \leq f_{n+1} \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$ (MONOTONICITY)

THEN $f \xrightarrow{PW} f \stackrel{!}{=} \sup_n f_n \quad !!!$

GIVEN A FIXED $x \in E$, STUDY THE SEQUENCE OF EVALUATIONS:

$$(f_n(x))_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \quad !!!$$

NOW

$$\min_n f_n(x) = \sup_n (\inf_{k \geq n} f_k(x)) :$$

BUT GIVEN $n \in \mathbb{N}$ WHAT IS

$$(f_k(x))_{k \geq n} = (f_n(x), f_{n+1}(x), \dots)$$

$$\Rightarrow \inf_{k \geq n} f_k(x) = f_n(x) \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} \min_n f_n(x) &= \sup_n (\inf_{k \geq n} f_k(x)) = \sup_n (f_0(x), f_1(x), \dots, f_n(x)) \\ &= \sup_n f_n(x) \quad (+) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{NOW} \quad \max_n f_n(x) \stackrel{?}{=} \inf_n (\sup_{k \geq n} f_k(x)) = \sup_n f_n(x)$$

↑ ALL EQUAL TO

TO SUMMARIZE, IF $x \in E$ WE HAVE

$$\min_n f_n(x) = \sup_n f_n(x) = \max_n f_n(x)$$

THEREFORE

0 1 0 0

$$f_n \xrightarrow{p.w.} \sup_n f_n(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x).$$

THIS IS TRUE FOR EVERY $x \in E \Rightarrow$

$$\boxed{f_n \xrightarrow{p.w.} f = \sup_n f_n.}$$

PROOF NOTICE THAT

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n = f = \sup_n f_n \Rightarrow \underline{f_n \leq f} \quad \text{OBVIOUS MONOTONICITY} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_E f_n \leq \int_E f \Rightarrow$$

$$\max_n \int_E f_n \leq \int_E f. \quad (1).$$

$$\text{BUT, RECALL } f_n \xrightarrow{p.w.} f \xRightarrow{\text{FATOU LEMMA}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_E f \leq \min_n \int_E f_n \quad (2)$$

HENCE (1) & (2) IMPLY:

$$\max_n \int_E f_n \stackrel{(1)}{\leq} \int_E f \stackrel{(2)}{=} \min_n \int_E f_n \quad (\dagger) \leftarrow$$

BUT, IN GENERAL

$$\min_n \int_E f_n \leq \max_n \int_E f_n.$$

HENCE

$$\min_n \int_E f_n = \max_n \int_E f_n \stackrel{(\dagger)}{=} \int_E f \stackrel{!}{=} \int_E f. \quad \text{QED.}$$

THEM (BEppo LEVI SECOND VERSION)

$$(f_n) \quad , f : E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{R}} \quad \text{MEASURABLE FUN.}$$

MAKE HYPOTHESIS:

$$\begin{aligned} & i) \int f_n \xrightarrow{p.w.} \int f \\ & ii) \int f_n \leq \int f \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}. \end{aligned} \quad (H)$$

THEN

$$\int_E f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f_n \quad \square$$

THE PROOF IS THE SAME!!!

TYPICAL / IMPORTANT APPLICATION

1) $f: E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{R}}$ MEASURABLE NN.

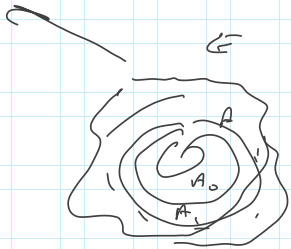
GIVEN A NESTED INCREASING SEQUENCE

$$(A_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}, A_n \subseteq E, A_n \text{ MEASURABLE}$$

SUCH THAT

i) $A_n \subseteq A_{n+1} \quad \forall n$

ii) $\bigcup_n A_n = E$



THEN

$$\int_E f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n}$$

$E = \bigcup_n A_n$

PROOF

LET US CONSIDER THE SEQUENCE

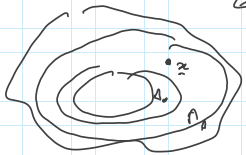
$$(f \cdot \chi_{A_n})_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \xrightarrow{p.w.} ? \quad \text{IF YES, TO WHICH FUNCT ??}$$

Fix $n \in \mathbb{N}$ AND STUDY

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n} = \int_E f$$

$$= \left(\int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_0}, \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_1}, \dots, \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n}, \dots \right)$$

BUT $A_n \subseteq A_{n+1}$ AND $\bigcup_n A_n = E$.



$$\exists n_x : x \in A_{n_x} \Rightarrow$$

$$\forall m \geq n_x \quad x \in A_m$$

SO $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n} =$

$$= \left(0, 0, \dots, 0, \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_{n_x}} = \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_{n_x}}(x), \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_{n_x}}(x), \dots \right) \rightarrow \int_E f(x)$$

$\forall x \in E$

THEN

$$\int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f \quad (1)$$

BUT, SINCE f NON NEGATIVE AND $A_n \subseteq A_{n+1}$

$$\int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n} \leq \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_{n+1}} \quad \text{MONOTONE (2)}$$

FROM (1) AND (2), BY MONOTONE

$$\int_E f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f \cdot \chi_{A_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{A_n} f$$

BREAK QUESTIONS?

BEGIN AGAIN AT 15.15

