

PRINCIPIO INCLUSIONE / ESCLUSIONE
(FORMULA NEL CASO GENERALE)

FORMULA DI SYLVESTER

CASO INDETERMINATO
CALCOLO

DATI DEL PROBLEMA

- i) Ω INSIEME FINITO, (SPAZIO CAMPIONE)
- ii) $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n \subseteq \Omega$ ('EVENTI PRIMITIVI')
- iii) SIA $n = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$.

CALCOLO

$$|\Omega - \bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i|$$

VERSIONE PROB.
 $P(\Omega - \bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i)$

SIAMO $\sum_k = \sum_{T \subseteq n, |T|=k} |\bigcap_{i \in T} A_i|$ $\forall k = 0, 1, \dots, n$
← numero di SYLVESTER

THM (SYLVESTER'S FORMULA)

$$|\Omega - \bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i| = \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \sum_{T \subseteq n, |T|=k} |\bigcap_{i \in T} A_i|$$

(*)

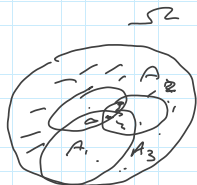
PER CASO PARTICOLARE CASO PARTICOLARE DI (*)

PER $k=3$.

Ω SPAZIO CAMPIONE, 3 EVENTI PRIMITIVI $A_1, A_2, A_3 \subseteq \Omega$

FAMIGLIA DI INDICI: $\mathbb{Z} = \{1, 2, 3\}$

LA FORMULA (*) DIVENTA:



$$|\Omega - A_1 \cup A_2 \cup A_3| =$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^3 (-1)^k \sum_{T \subseteq \mathbb{Z}, |T|=k} |\bigcap_{i \in T} A_i|$$

$$+ |A_1 \cap A_2| + |A_1 \cap A_3| + |A_2 \cap A_3|$$

$$k=2$$

$$- |A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3|$$

$$k=3$$

□

PRODOTTO COMPLETO

Ω ins, $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_m \subseteq \Omega$ EVENTI DISGIUNTI

$$M = \{1, 2, \dots, m\} \text{ BLI INDICI}$$

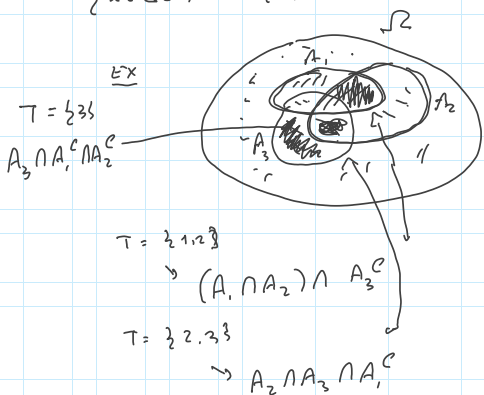
DATO $T \subseteq M$ CONSIDERIAMO:

$$(x) \left(\bigcap_{i \in T} A_i \right) \cap \left(\bigcap_{i \notin T} A_i^c \right) \subseteq \Omega \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{PRODOTTO} \\ \text{COMPLETO} \end{array}$$

(x) è un fatto; L'INSIEME

$$\{x \in \Omega; x \in A_i \forall i \in T \text{ e } x \notin A_i \forall i \notin T\} \quad (x)$$

$$m=3$$



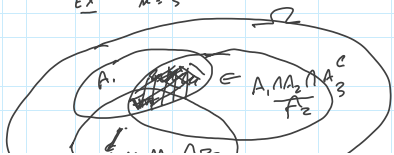
ORA, FATTO FOND/ELEMENTARE:

DATO $S \subseteq M$

PRODOTTO COMPLETO

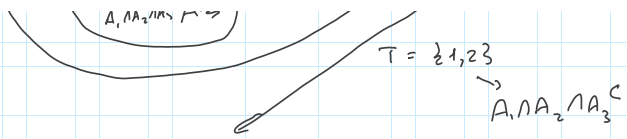
$$\bigcap_{i \in S} A_i = \bigcup_{T \supseteq S} \left(\bigcap_{i \in T} A_i \right) \cap \left(\bigcap_{i \notin T} A_i^c \right)$$

EX $m=3$



$$\begin{aligned} A_1 \cap A_2 &= \bigcap_{i \in S} A_i \\ &= \bigcup_{T \supseteq S} \left(\bigcap_{i \in T} A_i \right) \cap \left(\bigcap_{i \notin T} A_i^c \right) \end{aligned}$$

$S = \{1, 2\}$
 $i \in S = \{1, 2\}$
 $T \supseteq S = \{1, 2\}$



GRANZ

$$= A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3^c \cup A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \quad T = \{1, 2, 3\} \rightarrow A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3$$

BEI FRAGEN?

BYE BYE